# National Fraud Initiative in Scotland

# **Privacy notice**







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# National Fraud Initiative (NFI) - privacy notice

1. This notice sets out how we will use personal data that is submitted to Audit Scotland for the purpose of the National Fraud Initiative (NFI) in Scotland and any other data matching exercises conducted by Audit Scotland. Details of the personal data we process are included in Appendix 1.

## **Audit Scotland data matching exercises**

- Audit Scotland conducts data matching exercises to assist in the prevention and detection of fraud and other crime. This is one of the ways in which Audit Scotland meets its responsibility of promoting economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of public money.
- 3. Data matching involves comparing sets of data, such as the payroll or benefits records of a body, against other records held by the same or another body. The data is usually personal information. The data matching allows potentially fraudulent claims and payments to be identified, but the inclusion of personal data within a data matching exercise does not mean that any specific individual is under suspicion. Where a match is found it indicates that there is an inconsistency which requires further investigation. No assumption can be made as to whether there is fraud, error or other explanation until an investigation is carried out. The exercise can also help bodies to ensure that their records are up to date.
- 4. The processing of data by Audit Scotland (in practice the processing is undertaken by the Cabinet Office on Audit Scotland's behalf) in a data matching exercise is carried out under the powers in Part 2A of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000. It does not require the consent of the individuals concerned under the Data Protection Act 2018.
- 5. All bodies participating in Audit Scotland's data matching exercises receive a report of matches. Bodies should investigate the matches, so as to detect instances of fraud, over\ or under-payments and other errors, and take remedial action and update their records accordingly.
- 6. Since 2000, the NFI has led to the detection of fraud and over-payments totalling around £143.6 million in Scotland. Across the UK, since 1996, all such exercises undertaken by the Cabinet Office (and its predecessor, the Audit Commission) have led to the detection of fraud and overpayments over £1.93 billion.

# Legal basis

7. Under the powers of Part 2A of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000, Audit Scotland may carry out data matching exercises for the purpose of assisting in the

- prevention and detection of fraud or other crime and in the apprehension and prosecution of offenders (the 'permitted purposes').
- 8. Audit Scotland may require certain persons to provide data for data matching exercises. These persons include all the bodies to which the Auditor General for Scotland (AGS) or the Accounts Commission appoints auditors; licensing boards; and officers, office holders and members of these bodies or boards.
- 9. Other persons or bodies may participate in Audit Scotland's data matching exercises on a voluntary basis. Where they do so, the statute states that there is no breach of confidentiality and generally removes other restrictions in providing the data to Audit Scotland.
- 10. The requirements of the current data protection legislation continue to apply.
- 11. Audit Scotland may disclose the results of data matching exercises where this assists the purpose of the matching (see paragraph 7), including disclosure to bodies that have provided the data and to the auditors appointed by the AGS and the Accounts Commission.
- 12. Audit Scotland may disclose both data provided for data matching and the results of data matching to the AGS, the Accounts Commission, the Cabinet Office, or any of the other UK audit agencies specified in Section 26D of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000, for the purposes described at paragraph 7 above.
- 13. Wrongful disclosure of data obtained for the purposes of data matching by any person is a criminal offence.
- 14. Audit Scotland may impose reasonable charges on any body participating in a data matching exercise.
- 15. Audit Scotland must prepare and publish a Code of Practice with respect to data matching exercises. All bodies conducting or participating in its data matching exercises, including Audit Scotland itself, must have regard to the Code.
- 16. Audit Scotland may report publicly on its data matching activities.

# Data transferred outside the European Economic Area (EEA)

17. Audit Scotland does not send personal data collected during the NFI outside the EEA.

## Bodies required to provide data for matching

- 18. Currently, Audit Scotland requires the following bodies to provide data for the NFI in Scotland:
  - councils
  - other specified local government bodies
  - health bodies
  - Scottish Public Pensions Agency (SPPA)
  - Student Awards Agency for Scotland (SAAS)

- other specified central government bodies (CG)
- colleges.
- 19. Audit Scotland also provides its own and the Accounts Commission's payroll and creditor data.

## Access by individuals to data included in data matching

- 20. Individuals whose data is included in a data matching exercise have rights under current data protection legislation. The participating body, as part of the Code of Data Matching Practice 2018, will have provided individuals with a privacy notice containing information required by data protection legislation.
- 21. Individuals' usual rights of access to data held about them may be limited as a consequence of exemptions from current data protection legislation, where disclosure would be likely to prejudice the prevention or detection of a crime or the apprehension or prosecution of an offender. This determination should be made on a case-by-case basis by the participating body in receipt of the request for information. This means that individuals may be refused full access to information about them that has been processed in data matching exercises.
- 22. Individuals have rights under current data protection legislation if data held about them is inaccurate. They should be able to check the accuracy of their data by contacting the participating body holding the data.
- 23. Individuals should not expect to be told about data or data matches concerning any other person unless that person has given consent, as this is likely to amount to a breach of data protection principles.
- 24. Information requests under the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002 may be subject to the law enforcement exemption in Section 35, for example where its disclosure would be likely to prejudice substantially the prevention and detection of a crime or the apprehension or prosecution of an offender, or the personal information exemption under Section 38. These determinations should be made on a case-by-case basis by the participating body in receipt of the request for information.
- 25. Individuals who want to know whether their data is to be included in a data matching exercise can check the data specifications for each exercise in Audit Scotland's instructions. The most up-to-date instructions can be found on Audit Scotland's website at: <a href="https://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/uploads/docs/um/nfi\_instructions\_for\_participants\_2021.pdf">https://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/uploads/docs/um/nfi\_instructions\_for\_participants\_2021.pdf</a> or by contacting Audit Scotland (see paragraph 38 for contact details).

# What data is matched and why

26. For information about which data sets are matched by Audit Scotland and the purpose of each match, please refer to the Scottish guidance available on the Audit Scotland website at <a href="http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/our-work/national-fraud-initiative">http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/our-work/national-fraud-initiative</a>. The table in Appendix 2 summarises the main match types for each participating organisation.

#### Retention of data

- 27. Personal data will not be kept for longer than is necessary. A Data Deletion Schedule setting out the criteria for retaining and deleting data and matches will be published by the Cabinet Office on GOV.UK. All original data transmitted to Audit Scotland (or the Cabinet Office on its behalf), including data derived or produced from that original data, and including data held by any firm undertaking data matching as the Cabinet Office's data processor, will be destroyed and rendered irrecoverable within three months of the conclusion of the exercise.
- 28. Participating bodies and their auditors may decide to retain some data after this period. Data may, for example, be needed as working papers for the purposes of audit, or for the purpose of continuing investigations or prosecutions. Data subjects should refer to their body's privacy notice for retention timescales beyond the conclusion of the NFI exercise.
- 29. A single set of reference codes for previous matches, together with any comments made by participants' investigators, will be retained securely offline by the Cabinet Office for as long as they are relevant. This is solely for the purpose of preventing unnecessary re-investigation of previous matches in any subsequent data matching exercise.

## **Code of Data Matching Practice**

30. Data matching by Audit Scotland is subject to a <u>Code of Data Matching Practice</u>. You can find this on the Audit Scotland website at <a href="http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/our-work/national-fraud-initiative">http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/our-work/national-fraud-initiative</a>

#### **Compliance with the Code of Data Matching Practice**

- 31. Questions and concerns about non-compliance with the Code should be addressed to the organisation responsible in the first instance (that is to the participating body or, if it concerns Audit Scotland's compliance, to Audit Scotland), before contacting the Information Commissioner (see paragraph 33).
- 32. Where Audit Scotland or an auditor becomes aware that a body has not complied with the requirements of the Code, they should notify the body concerned and seek to ensure that it puts in place adequate measures to meet the Code's requirements. For example, this might include where a participant has not issued adequate privacy notices or submits data other than via the secure NFI website (and that exception has not been approved by the Cabinet Office).

#### **Role of the Information Commissioner**

33. The Information Commissioner regulates compliance with current data protection legislation. If a complaint or matter is referred to the Information Commissioner, he or she would consider compliance with the Code of Data Matching Practice by participating bodies or Audit Scotland in determining whether or not, in the view of the Information Commissioner, there has been any breach of data protection legislation; and where there has been a breach, whether or not any enforcement action is required and the extent of such action. Guidance on the Information

Commissioner's approach to data breaches and enforcement is available on the Information Commissioner's website.

## Personal data handling arrangements - complaints or queries

- 34. Audit Scotland strives to process NFI data lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner. For this reason, we take any complaints we receive about this very seriously. We encourage people to bring their complaints to our attention if they think our processing of NFI data is unlawful.
- 35. This privacy notice was drafted with clarity in mind. If you want to make a complaint about the way we have processed your personal information, you can contact our data protection officer at <a href="mailto:dataprotection@audit-scotland.gov.uk">dataprotection@audit-scotland.gov.uk</a>
- 36. If you are not satisfied with our response to your complaint/query about how we handle your personal data, or if you believe we are not processing it in accordance with the law, you can complain to the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) at <a href="https://ico.org.uk/make-a-complaint/">https://ico.org.uk/make-a-complaint/</a>
- **37.** More details on Audit Scotland's data matching exercises, including national reports, other publications and guidance, may be found on the Audit Scotland website at <a href="http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/our-work/national-fraud-initiative">http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/our-work/national-fraud-initiative</a>.
- 38. Alternatively, please contact, Audit Scotland, 4th Floor, 102 West Port, EDINBURGH, EH3 9DN; telephone 0131 625 1500. Email enquiries should be addressed to <a href="mailto:info@audit-scotland.gov.uk">info@audit-scotland.gov.uk</a> quoting 'National Fraud Initiative' in the subject line.
- 39. More information about the UK National Fraud Initiative is available on the Cabinet Office's web-site at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-fraud-initiative">https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-fraud-initiative</a>.

# **Appendix 1. Personal data**

We process information that you provide when making a claim or applying for:

- Personal budget
- Pension
- Taxi Driver licence
- Market Trader license (provided by councils on a voluntary basis)
- Personal Alcohol licence (provided by councils on a voluntary basis)
- Social Housing (current tenants and individuals on a housing waiting list)
- Right to Buy
- Transport pass and permit
- Council Tax Reduction Scheme
- Housing Benefit
- Other State Benefits
- Non- domestic rates relief
- Covid-19 financial support.

We also process information that you provide:

- when seeking payment of an invoice from an organisation that takes part in the NFI. This
  is referred to as trade creditor standing and payment history data.
- when seeking payment for employment from an organisation that takes part in the NFI.
   This is referred to as payroll data.
- when registering to vote. This is referred to as Electoral Register data.
- in relation to your council tax.
- in relation to your business rates
- in relation to residents in a private care homes supported by an organisation that takes part in the NFI.

Data specifications setting out exactly what data we process in the above areas can be accessed from the Cabinet Office website here.

Personal budget and private-supported care home data will not be collected at the current time. The Cabinet Office has put this data collection has been put on hold until further notice due to amendments made to the National Health Service Act 2006 where this data is now classified as patient data. As a result, consideration is being given as to whether a change to data matching powers is required before these matches can be released to local authorities.

We may also carry out data matching pilots for the purpose of assisting in the prevention and detection of fraud or other crimes and in the apprehension and prosecution of offenders. For

example, one of these pilots process information that you provide when making a claim or applying for free prescriptions - matching exemption claims to payroll data.

#### **Criminal convictions**

Should data matching through the NFI result in a prosecution, then this may also be recorded by participating organisations.

#### Special categories of personal data

"Special categories of personal data" is personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or "philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation. The legal basis for processing special categories of personal data is:

- processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest and for the exercise of official authority vested in the controller [Audit Scotland].

Included in the above are certain categories of special categories of personal data:

- Housing benefit and student loan data includes an indicator of physical or mental health or condition. This disability flag, which does not identify the specific condition, is required as disability has an impact upon a student's entitlement to claim housing benefit.
- The personal budget (direct payment), residential care home and social care matches
  use data relating to individuals who have a specified range of social care needs. While
  we do information on the recipients of these services, we do not hold information on
  medical conditions or support needs.
- We collect information on blue badge holders (and applicants). While we do not hold information on the medical condition that entitles the individual to a badge, we do know who has a badge.
- We collect prescription exemption claim information on patients. While we do not hold information on the medical condition that resulted in the individual being issued with a prescription, we do know who has applied for an exemption from paying for a prescription.

Audit Scotland's legal basis for processing your criminal convictions data is sections 6, 10, 11, and 12 of schedule 1 to the Data Protection Act 2018.

Special categories of data may be included both in bulk data matching as well as matching at point of application to help prevent application fraud.

# Appendix 2. The main match types and the organisations to which they apply (NFI 2020/21)

Match type	Councils	Others
Pensions to:		
Deceased Persons	Y	Y
Payroll	Y	Y
Housing Benefits	Y	Y
Injury benefits	Y	Police & Fire only
Amberhill <sup>1</sup>	у	У
Deferred pensions to deceased persons	Y	Y
Housing Benefits to:		
Student loans	Y	
Payroll	Y	
Pensions	Y	
Housing Benefits	Y	
Housing tenants	Y	
Right to buy	Y	
Home Office (Immigration data)	Y	
Licences	Y	
Deceased personas	Y	
Amberhill	Y	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amberhill is a system used by the Metropolitan Police to authenticate documents presented for identity verification.

Match type	Councils	Others
Payroll to:		
Housing Benefits	Y	Υ
Payroll	Y	Υ
Pensions	Y	Υ
Home Office (Immigration data)	Y	Υ
Amberhill	Y	Y
Housing tenants to:		
Housing tenants	Y	
Housing Benefits	Y	
Right to buy	Y	
Home office (Immigration data)	Y	
Amberhill	Y	
Housing waiting List to:		
Waiting List	Y	
Housing Benefit	Y	
Housing Tenants	Y	
Right to Buy	Y	
Deceased Persons	Y	
Home Office (Immigration data)	Y	
Amberhill	Y	
Personal Budgets (Direct Payments) to:		
Personal Budgets	Y	
Pensions	Y	
Housing Benefits	Y	
Deceased Persons	Y	
Amberhill	Y	

Match type	Councils	Others
Student Loans to:		
Home Office (Immigration data)		SAAS only
Deceased persons		SAAS only
Amberhill		SAAS only
Creditors to:		
Creditors	Y	Y
Payroll	Y	Y
Private Residential Care Homes to:		
Deceased persons	Y	
Amberhill	Y	
Parking Permits to:		
Deceased persons	Y	
Amberhill	Y	
Blue badges to:		
Deceased persons	Y	
Amberhill	Y	
Concessionary travel permits to:		
Deceased persons	Υ	SPT only
Amberhill	Υ	SPT only
Council tax to electoral register	Υ	

Match type	Councils	Others
Council tax reduction to:		
Council tax reduction	Y	
Payroll	Y	
Pensions Payroll	Y	
Housing Benefits	Y	
Housing Tenants	Y	
Right to buy	Y	
Home Office (Immigration data)	Y	
Licences	Y	
Deceased persons	Y	
Amberhill	Y	
Licenses to:		
Home Office (Immigration data)	Y	
Amberhill	Y	
Covid-19 financial support to:	Y	
Covid-19 financial support		
Companies House		
Non-domestic rates		
Proven fraud 'watchlist' data		
Amberhill		
Non-domestic rates to:		
Non-domestic rates	Y	
Companies House	Y	
Amberhill	Y	