



Scott-Moncrieff
business advisers and accountants

The State Hospitals Board for Scotland

External Audit Plan
2017/18

January 2018

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Introduction

Introduction

1. This document summarises the work plan for our 2017/18 external audit of the State Hospitals Board for Scotland (the "Board").
2. The core elements of our work include:
 - an audit of the 2017/18 financial statements and related matters;
 - a review of arrangements for governance and transparency, financial management, financial sustainability and value for money; and
 - any other work requested by Audit Scotland, for example, input into performance audit work.

Audit appointment

3. The Auditor General for Scotland is an independent Crown appointment, made on the recommendation of Scottish Parliament. The Auditor General is independent and not subject to the control of any member of the Scottish Government or the Parliament. The Auditor General is responsible for securing the audit of most public bodies in Scotland outside the local government sector, including NHS bodies in Scotland, and reporting on their financial health and performance.
4. Audit Scotland is an independent statutory body that provides the Auditor General with the services required to carry out her statutory functions, including monitoring the performance of auditors through a quality control process.
5. The Auditor General has appointed Scott-Moncrieff as external auditor of the State Hospitals Board for Scotland for the five year period 2016/17 to 2020/21. This document comprises the audit plan for 2017/18 and summarises:
 - the responsibilities of Scott-Moncrieff as the external auditor;
 - our audit strategy;
 - our planned audit work and how we will approach it;
 - our proposed audit outputs and timetable; and

- background to Scott-Moncrieff and the audit team.

Adding value through the audit

6. All of our clients quite rightly demand of us a positive contribution to meeting their ever-changing business needs. Our aim is to add value to the Board through our external audit work by being constructive and forward looking, by identifying areas of improvement and by recommending and encouraging good practice. In this way we aim to help the Board promote improved standards of governance, better management and decision making and more effective use of resources.
7. Any comments you may have on the service we provide, the quality of our work and our reports would be greatly appreciated at any time. Comments can be reported directly to the audit team or through our online survey: www.surveymonkey.co.uk/r/S2SPZBX
8. While this plan is addressed to the Board, it will be published on Audit Scotland's website www.audit-scotland.gov.uk.

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Respective responsibilities of the auditor and the Board

Respective responsibilities of the auditor and the Board

Auditor responsibilities

Code of Audit Practice

9. The Code of Audit Practice (the Code) outlines the responsibilities of external auditors appointed by the Auditor General for Scotland and it is a condition of our appointment that we follow it.
10. A new Code of Audit Practice was published in 2016 and applies to external audits for financial years starting on or after 1 April 2016. This Code replaces the previous one issued in 2011.

Our responsibilities

11. Auditor responsibilities are derived from statute, the Code, International Standards on Auditing (UK), professional requirements and best practice and cover their responsibilities when auditing financial statements and when discharging their wider scope responsibilities (paragraph 13). These are to:
 - undertake statutory duties, and comply with professional engagement and ethical standards
 - provide an opinion on audited bodies' financial statements and, where appropriate, the regularity of transactions
 - review and report on, as appropriate, other information such as annual governance statements, management commentaries and remuneration reports
 - notify the Auditor General when circumstances indicate that a statutory report may be required
 - demonstrate compliance with the wider public audit scope by reviewing and providing judgements and conclusions on the audited bodies':
 - effectiveness of performance management arrangements in driving economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of public money and assets
 - suitability and effectiveness of corporate governance arrangements

- financial position and arrangements for securing financial sustainability
12. Weaknesses or risks identified by auditors are only those which have come to their attention during their normal audit work in accordance with the Code, and may not be all that exist. Communication by auditors of matters arising from the audit of the financial statements or of risks or weaknesses does not absolve management from its responsibility to address the issues raised and to maintain an adequate system of control.

Wider scope audit work

13. The special accountabilities that attach to the conduct of public business, and the use of public money, mean that public sector audits must be planned and undertaken from a wider perspective than in the private sector. This means providing assurance, not only on the annual accounts, but providing audit judgements and conclusions on the appropriateness, effectiveness and impact of corporate governance and performance management arrangements and financial sustainability.
14. The Code sets out four audit dimensions that frame the wider scope audit work into identifiable audit areas. These are summarised in Exhibit 1.
15. Where the application of the full wider scope is judged by us not to be appropriate then our annual audit work on the wider scope is restricted to:
- Audit work to allow conclusions to be made on the appropriateness of the disclosures in the governance statement; and
 - Consideration of the financial sustainability of the organisation and the services that it delivers over the medium and longer term.
16. Our assessment takes into account the size, nature and risks of the Board. Taking these factors into consideration, we have concluded that application of the full wider scope is appropriate at the Board.

Board responsibilities

17. The Board has the primary responsibility for ensuring the proper financial stewardship of public funds, compliance with relevant legislation and establishing effective arrangements for governance, propriety and regularity that enable them to successfully deliver their objectives. The Board's responsibilities are summarised in Exhibit 2.

Exhibit 1: Audit dimensions of wider scope public audit

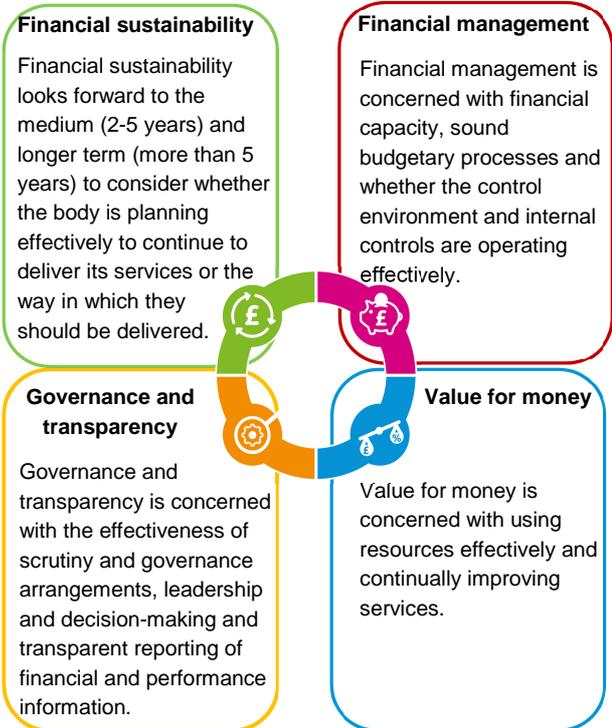


Exhibit 2 – Board responsibilities

Area	Board responsibilities
<p>Financial statements: The Board must prepare an annual report and accounts containing financial statements and other related reports.</p>	<p>The Board has responsibility for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of their financial position and their expenditure and income, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework and relevant legislation • maintaining accounting records and working papers that have been prepared to an acceptable professional standard and that support their financial statements and related reports disclosures • ensuring the regularity of transactions, by putting in place systems of internal control to ensure that they are in accordance with the appropriate authority • maintaining proper accounting records • preparing and publishing, along with their financial statements, an annual governance statement, management commentary (or equivalent) and a remuneration report that are consistent with the disclosures made in the financial statements.
<p>Financial sustainability: Financial sustainability looks forward to the medium and longer term to consider whether the Board is planning effectively to continue to fulfill its functions in an affordable and sustainable manner.</p>	<p>The Board is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to ensure the financial position is soundly based having regard to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Such financial monitoring and reporting arrangements as may be specified; • Compliance with any statutory financial requirements and achievement of financial targets; • Balances and reserves, including strategies about levels and their future use; • How the organisation plans to deal with uncertainty in the medium and long term; and • The impact of planned future policies and foreseeable developments on the financial position.

Exhibit 2 – Board responsibilities

Area	Board responsibilities
<p>Financial management: Financial management is concerned with financial capacity, sound budgetary processes and whether the control environment and internal controls are operating effectively.</p>	<p>It is the Board's responsibility to ensure that its financial affairs are conducted in a proper manner. Management are responsible, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to communicate relevant information to users about the entity and its financial performance.</p> <p>The Board is responsible for developing and implementing effective systems of internal control as well as financial, operational and compliance controls. These systems should support the achievement of their objectives and safeguard and secure value for money from the public funds at its disposal.</p> <p>It is the Board's responsibility to establish arrangements to prevent and detect fraud, error and irregularities, bribery and corruption and also to ensure that its affairs are managed in accordance with proper standards of conduct by putting proper arrangements in place.</p>
<p>Governance and transparency: Governance and transparency is concerned with the effectiveness of scrutiny and governance arrangements, leadership and decision making, and transparent reporting of financial and performance information.</p>	<p>The Board, through its chief executive (as accountable officer) is responsible for establishing arrangements to ensure the proper conduct of its affairs including the legality of activities and transactions, and for monitoring the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements. The Board should involve those charged with governance in monitoring these arrangements.</p> <p>The Board is also responsible for establishing effective and appropriate internal audit and risk management functions.</p>
<p>Value for money: Value for money is concerned with the appropriate use of resources and ensuring continual improvement of services delivered.</p>	<p>Accountable officers have a specific responsibility to ensure that arrangements have been made to secure best value. Audited bodies are responsible for ensuring that these matters are given due priority and resources, and that proper procedures are established and operate satisfactorily.</p>

3

Audit strategy

Audit strategy

Risk-based audit approach

18. We follow a risk-based approach to audit planning that reflects our overall assessment of the relevant risks that apply to the Board. This

ensures that our audit focuses on the areas of highest risk. Our audit planning is based on:



19. Planning is a continuous process and our audit plans are therefore updated during the course of our audit to take account of developments as they arise.

Communications with those charged with governance

20. Auditing standards require us to make certain communications throughout the audit to those charged with governance. We have agreed with the Board that these communications will be through the Audit Committee.

Professional standards and guidance

21. We perform our audit of the annual accounts in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs), the International Standard on Quality Control 1 (UK), Ethical Standards, and applicable Practice Notes and other guidance issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC).

Partnership working

22. We will coordinate our work with Audit Scotland, internal audit, other external auditors and relevant scrutiny bodies, recognising the increasing integration of service delivery and partnership working within the public sector.

Audit Scotland

23. Although we are independent of Audit Scotland and are responsible for forming our own views

and opinions, we do work closely with Audit Scotland throughout the audit. This helps, for example, to identify common priorities and risks, treat consistently any issues arising that impact on a number of audited bodies, and further develop an efficient and effective approach to public audit. We will share information about identified risks, good practices and barriers to improvement so that lessons to be learnt and knowledge of what works can be disseminated to all relevant bodies.

24. Audit Scotland undertakes national performance audits on issues affecting the NHS. We will review the Board's arrangements for taking action on any issues reported in the national performance reports which may have a local impact. We plan to assess the extent to which the Board uses the national performance reports as a means to help improve performance at the local level.

25. During the year we may also be required to provide information to Audit Scotland to support the national performance audits.

Internal audit

26. The Board's internal audit function is provided by RSMUK. We will consider the findings of the work of internal audit within our audit process and look to minimise duplication of effort, to

ensure the total audit resource to the Board is used efficiently and effectively.

Shared systems and functions

27. Audit Scotland encourages auditors to seek efficiencies and avoid duplication of effort by liaising closely with other external auditors, agreeing an appropriate division of work and sharing audit findings. The Board uses NHS National Services Scotland for purchase ledger and sales ledger services and NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde for payroll services. The Board also uses the National Single Instance (NSI) e-financials service (financial ledger services hosted by NHS Ayrshire and Arran). The appointed auditors to these organisations will share with us their findings on work carried out on those systems.

Other inspection bodies

28. We plan to contribute to the 'whole organisation' approach to inspection through co-ordination amongst auditors, inspectors and other scrutiny bodies. Through enquiry of management as part of our initial planning discussions, we have not identified any other inspection work planned for 2017/18 which is directly relevant to our audit, other than the work of internal audit and Audit Scotland. We will monitor this situation over the course of 2017/18 and update our plans as necessary.



Annual report and accounts

Annual report and accounts

Introduction

29. Audited bodies' annual accounts are an essential part of accounting for their stewardship of the resources made available to them and their financial performance in the use of those resources. This section sets out our approach to the audit of the Board's annual accounts.
30. The annual report and accounts of the Board comprise the financial statements, the performance report and the accountability report.

Approach to audit of the financial statements

31. Our opinion on the financial statements will be based on:

Risk-based audit planning

32. We focus our work on the areas of highest risk. As part of our planning process we prepare a risk assessment highlighting the audit risk relating to each of the key systems on which the annual accounts will be based.

An audit of key systems and internal controls

33. We evaluate the key accounting systems and internal controls and determine whether they are adequate to prevent material misstatements in the annual accounts.
34. The systems we review and the nature of the work we perform will be based on the initial risk assessment. We will examine and test compliance with best practice and the Board's own policies and procedures.
35. We will take cognisance of any relevant internal audit reviews of systems and controls.
36. We will update the risk assessment following our evaluation of systems and controls and this will ensure that we continue to focus attention on the areas of highest risk.

A final audit of the annual accounts

37. During our final audit we will test and review the material amounts and disclosures in the annual accounts. The extent of testing will be based on our risk assessment.
38. Our final audit will seek to provide reasonable assurance that the annual accounts are free

from material misstatement and comply with the NHS Scotland Board Accounts Manual and the Accounts Direction issued by Scottish Ministers.

39. In order to provide assurance on the regularity of transactions, we also review whether, in all material respects, expenditure has been incurred and income applied in accordance with guidance issued by Scottish Ministers.

Independent auditor's report

40. Our opinions on whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and the regularity of transactions will be set out in our independent auditor's report which will be included within the annual report and accounts.
41. We also provide an opinion on the auditable part of the remuneration report, annual governance statement and performance report.

Materiality

42. Materiality is an expression of the relative significance of a matter in the context of the annual accounts as a whole. A matter is material if its omission or misstatement would reasonably influence the decisions of an addressee of the auditor's report. The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement over both the amount and the nature of the misstatement.
43. Our initial assessment of materiality for the annual accounts is £520,000; approximately 1.5% of the Board's Revenue Resource Limit (RRL). Achieving a breakeven position against RRL is a key target for the Board and one of the principal considerations for the users of the accounts when assessing financial performance. We will review our assessment of materiality throughout our audit.
44. We set a performance (testing) materiality for each area of work which is based on a risk assessment for the area. We will perform audit procedures on all transactions, or groups of transactions, and balances that exceed our performance materiality. This means that we perform a greater level of testing on the areas deemed to be of significant risk of material misstatement.

Area risk assessment	Weighting	Performance materiality
High	45%	£234,000
Medium	55%	£286,000
Low	70%	£364,000

45. We will report any misstatements identified through our audit that fall into one of the following categories:

- All material corrected misstatements;

- Uncorrected misstatements with a value in excess of 2% of the overall materiality figure (i.e. over £10,400); and
- Other misstatements below the 2% threshold that we believe warrant reporting on qualitative grounds.

Key audit risks in the annual accounts

46. Auditing standards require that we inform the Audit Committee of our assessment of the risk of material misstatement in the annual accounts. We have set out our initial assessment below, including how the scope of our audit responds to those risks. We will provide an update to the Audit Committee if our assessment changes significantly during the audit.

Exhibit 3 – Key audit risks in the annual accounts

1. Loss of financial expertise

The Head of Financial Accounts is retiring in 2018 resulting in a significant gap in the Board's financial expertise. The Board is currently making arrangements to ensure minimal disruption to the finance function. There remains a risk, however, that arrangements are not put in place on a timely basis resulting in disruption to the finance function, including the preparation of the 2017/18 annual accounts to the standard expected.



47. We will liaise with the Board on the arrangements being put in place.

2. Management override

In any organisation, there exists a risk that management have the ability to process transactions or make adjustments to the financial records outside the normal financial control processes. Such issues could lead to a material misstatement in the annual accounts. This is treated as a presumed risk area in accordance with ISA (UK) 240 - *The auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements*.



48. In response to this risk we will review the Board's accounting records and obtain evidence to ensure that any significant transactions outside the normal course of business were valid and accounted for correctly.

Exhibit 3 – Key audit risks in the annual accounts

3. Revenue recognition

Under ISA (UK) 240 - *The auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements* there is a presumed risk of fraud in relation to revenue recognition. The presumption is that the Board could adopt accounting policies or recognise income and expenditure transactions in such a way as to lead to a material misstatement in the reported financial position.



49. Our work on income will include an evaluation of each type of revenue transaction and review the controls in place over revenue accounting. We will consider the Board's key revenue transactions and streams and carry out testing to confirm that the Board's revenue recognition policy is appropriate and has been applied consistently throughout the year.

4. Risk of fraud in the recognition of expenditure

The FRC published Practice Note 10 which applies to the audit of financial statements for periods commencing after June 2016. The Practice Note recognises that most public sector bodies are net spending bodies and notes that there is an increased risk of material misstatement due to improper recognition of expenditure.



50. In response to this risk we will evaluate the significant expenditure streams at the Board (excluding payroll which is not deemed to be a significant risk area) and review the controls in place over accounting for expenditure. We will consider the Board's key areas of expenditure and obtain evidence that the expenditure was recorded in line with appropriate accounting policies and the policies have been applied consistently across the year.

The performance report, accountability report and other information

51. The HM Treasury Government Financial Reporting Manual 2017-18 sets out the content required within the annual report and accounts. In addition to presenting our opinions over the financial statements our independent auditor's report will also presents our opinion on other aspects of the annual report and accounts:

Other information

52. "Other information" in the annual report and accounts comprises any information other than the financial statements and our independent auditor's report thereon. We do not express any form of assurance conclusion on the "other information" except as specifically stated below.

53. We read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report and accounts to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our independent auditor's report

The performance report

54. The performance report provides information on the entity, its main objectives and strategies and the principal risks that it faces. It contains two sections:
- an overview of the organisation, its purpose, the key risks to the achievement of its objectives and how it has performed during the year; and
 - a detailed summary of how the entity measures its performance.

55. Our independent auditor's report will confirm whether in our opinion the performance report has been properly prepared and is consistent with the financial statements.

The accountability report

56. The accountability report is required in order to meet key parliamentary accountability requirements. It has three sections:
- A corporate governance report (including a governance statement) explaining the composition and organisation of the entity's governance structures and how they support the achievement of the entity's objectives.
 - A remuneration and staff report setting out staff numbers and costs as well as the entity's remuneration policy for directors and the remuneration awarded to directors.
 - A parliamentary accountability report disclosing the regularity of expenditure and other parliamentary accountability requirements.
57. Our independent auditor's report will confirm whether in our opinion the governance statement and the audited part of the remuneration and staff report have been properly prepared and are consistent with the financial statements.

5

Wider scope audit

Wider scope audit

Introduction

58. As described in section 2, the Code frames a significant part of our wider scope responsibilities in terms of four audit dimensions. As part of our annual audit we consider and report against these four dimensions; financial sustainability, financial management, governance and transparency and value for money.
59. Our planned audit work against the four dimensions is risk based and proportionate. Our initial assessment builds upon our understanding of the Board's priorities and risks which we developed in 2016/17, discussions with management and review of Board minutes and key strategy documents. In 2017/18 we have also considered the following risk areas as they relate to the Board:
- EU withdrawal
 - New financial powers
 - Ending of public sector pay cap
 - Response to cyber security risks
 - Openness and transparency.
60. At this stage of our audit planning, we have identified one significant risk to the wider scope of our audit in relation to financial sustainability (Exhibit 4). We also identified a risk in respect of the loss of financial expertise which has been reported as a risk to the audit of the annual accounts (Exhibit 3).

Exhibit 4 – Significant risk: financial sustainability

1. Financial sustainability

The Board has produced a local delivery plan (LDP) covering the financial years 2017/18 to 2019/20. The LDP forecasts a breakeven position in each of the next three years. To achieve this however, the Board is expected to make substantial efficiency savings each year. There is a risk that delivery of the Board's efficiency savings plans are at the detriment of services and/or on-going financial health.

The achievement of future financial targets will depend on continuing tight control of expenditure, delivery of a challenging savings plan and may also require some difficult decisions to be taken in areas such as workforce.



61. During our audit we will consider whether the Board has adequate arrangements in place for managing its financial position and its use of resources. Our conclusion will be based on a review of the Board's financial performance, underlying financial position, financial plans, financial reporting and achievement of savings targets.

62. We have not, at this stage, identified any significant risks in relation to the other dimensions. Audit planning however is a continuous process and we will report any identified significant risks, as they relate to the four dimensions, in our annual audit report. The table below summarises our audit work in respect of each dimension.



Financial sustainability

Financial sustainability looks forward to the medium and longer term to consider whether the Board's planning processes support the future delivery of services.

Consideration	Our audit approach
<p>(As set out in Exhibit 4): The Board has produced a local delivery plan (LDP) covering the financial years 2017/18 to 2019/20. The LDP forecasts a breakeven position in each of the next three years. To achieve this however, the Board is expected to make substantial efficiency savings each year. There is a risk that delivery of the Board's efficiency savings plans are at the detriment of services and/or on-going financial health.</p> <p>The achievement of future financial targets will depend on continuing tight control of expenditure, delivery of a challenging savings plan and may also require some difficult decisions to be taken in areas such as workforce.</p> <p>The Board has acknowledged that the ending of the public sector pay cap will pose a significant pressure in 2018/19. Work is ongoing to factor this into financial plans.</p> <p>Management, at this stage, anticipates minimal impact as a result of the withdrawal from the EU.</p>	<p>During our 2017/18 audit we will consider the Board's financial standing. This will involve a review of the arrangements in place for short, medium and long term financial planning, budgetary control and financial reporting. It is important that such arrangements are adequate in order to properly control the Board's operations and use of resources.</p>



Financial management

Financial management is concerned with financial capacity, sound budgetary processes and whether the control environment and internal controls are operating effectively.

Consideration	Our audit approach
<p>(As set out in Exhibit 3): The Head of Financial Accounts is retiring in 2018 resulting in a significant gap in the Board's financial expertise. The Board is currently making arrangements to ensure minimal disruption to the finance function. There remains a risk however, that arrangements are not put in place on a timely basis resulting in disruption to the finance function including the preparation of the 2017/18</p>	<p>During our 2017/18 audit we will review, conclude and report on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How the Board has assured itself that its financial capacity and skills are appropriate; • Whether the Board can demonstrate the effectiveness of its budgetary control system in communicating accurate and timely performance;

Consideration	Our audit approach
<p>annual accounts to the standard expected.</p> <p>Special/National Health Boards have been tasked by SGHSCD to work together to identify ways to collectively standardise and share services with a target to reduce the operating costs of Special Boards by £15million in 2017/18 so that this can be reinvested in frontline NHS Scotland priorities. The Board's share is £0.440million.</p> <p>As at the end of September 2017, the Board was reporting an overspend (£0.174million). Nursing overtime (due principally to patients on high observation levels and high levels of sickness absence) continues to be a challenge for the Board. Reported over spends in respect of nursing costs is consistent with prior years. The Board however is forecasting a break even position at the year-end with utilities income arrears and other efficiencies.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether the Board has arrangements in place to ensure systems of internal control are operating effectively; • Whether the Board has established appropriate and effective arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud and corruption; and • The Board's participation and progress in the National Fraud Initiative.



Governance and transparency

Governance and transparency is concerned with the effectiveness of scrutiny and governance arrangements, leadership and decision making, and transparent reporting of financial and performance information.

Consideration	Our audit approach
<p>Board meetings are open to the public and all papers are published on the website.</p> <p>The Board held a development session in 2017 to allow a discussion on two elements of resilience: "organisational resilience" and "leadership resilience".</p> <p>There will be staff turnover in a number of Executive and Non-Executive positions in 2018/19. The Executive Team is managing these changes to ensure leadership resilience over that period and mitigate any risks of knowledge loss or reduced focus on strategic objectives.</p>	<p>We will review the effectiveness of the Board's governance framework and the extent to which board and committee roles, membership and terms of reference comply with current guidance.</p> <p>We will consider whether the information provided to the board and committees is sufficient for members to assess the impact of decisions on resources and performance.</p> <p>Our work will include consideration of how risk management has been addressed within the Board. We will also consider the Board's internal audit arrangements to determine their role in examining the control systems established by management.</p>



Value for money

Value for money is concerned with the appropriate use of resources and ensuring continual improvement of services delivered.

Consideration	Our audit approach
<p>The Board has developed a performance management framework and receives reports on organisational performance and finance each quarter. An annual overview of performance is also prepared which is available on the Board's website. Performance reports are based on the Board's local delivery plan (LDP) and its associated targets and measures.</p> <p>The Board has developed a three year service strategy (2017-2020) which sets out three high level strategic priorities for the Board to address over that timeframe. The three strategic priorities are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health Inequalities• Staff attendance and resilience• Efficient use of our resources	<p>We will work with the Board to identify and review evidence which demonstrates the achievement of value for money in the use of its resources.</p> <p>We will seek evidence from the Board that outcomes are improving and there is sufficient focus on improvement and the pace of it.</p> <p>Audit Scotland carries out a national performance audit programme on behalf of the Auditor General for Scotland and the Accounts Commission. We will work with Audit Scotland during the year to understand the outputs from this work and identify any particular reports that the Board may have a direct interest in.</p>

6

Audit outputs, timetable and fees

Audit outputs, timetable and fees

Audit output	Format	Description	Target month
External audit plan	Report	This report sets out the scope of our audit for 2017/18.	January 2018
Interim management report	Report	This report will summarise our interim work on accounting systems and where appropriate the wider scope dimensions.	April 2018
Independent Auditor's Report	Report	This report will contain our opinions on the true and fair view of the annual accounts and on the regularity of transactions.	June 2018
Annual Report to the Board and the Auditor General for Scotland	Report	This report sets out the nature and extent of our audit work for the year and summarises our opinions, conclusions and the significant issues arising from our work. This report will pull together all of our work under the Code of Audit Practice.	June 2018

Audit outputs

- 63.** Prior to submitting our outputs, we will discuss all issues with management to confirm factual accuracy and agree a draft action plan where appropriate. We will endeavour to supply a draft report within three weeks of completion of the fieldwork. We will require formal management responses within two weeks of receipt of the draft report. On occasion these timescales may need to be shortened, e.g. to meet the June 2018 Audit Committee and certification deadlines.
- 64.** The action plans within the reports will include prioritised recommendations, responsible officers and implementation dates. We will review progress against the action plans on a regular basis.

for audit. The expected fee will be reviewed by Audit Scotland each year and adjusted if necessary based on auditors' experience, new requirements, or significant changes to the audited body.

- 66.** As auditors we negotiate a fee with the audited body during the planning process. The fee may be varied above the expected fee level to reflect the circumstances and local risks within the body.
- 67.** For 2017/18 we propose setting the audit fee at the expected fee level. The expected fee for the State Hospitals Board for Scotland for the 2017/18 audit is as follows:

Audit fee

- 65.** Audit Scotland has completed a review of funding and fee setting arrangements and, following this, has revised its fee strategy. It now sets an expected fee for each audit carried out under appointment that assumes the body has sound governance arrangements in place, has been operating effectively throughout the year, prepares comprehensive and accurate draft accounts and meets the agreed timetable

	2017/18
Auditor remuneration	£38,870
Pooled costs	£5,620
Audit support costs	£2,340
Total expected fee	£46,830¹

68. We will take account of the risk exposure of the Board and the management assurances in place. We assume receipt of the draft working papers at the outset of our on-site final audit visit. We have agreed that draft accounts will be provided w/c 7 May 2018, during the course of our onsite work. If the draft accounts and papers are late, or agreed management assurances are unavailable, we reserve the right to charge an additional fee for additional audit work. An additional fee will be required in relation to any other significant exercises not within our planned audit activity.

Audit timetable

69. The dates for our interim and final audits have been discussed with the Finance and Performance Management Director. A summary timetable, including audit outputs, is set out as follows:



¹ The audit fee in 2016/17 was £48,860.

7

Appendices

Appendix 1: Your audit management team

Scott-Moncrieff is one of the largest independent accountancy firms in Scotland. We have 17 partners and over 200 staff operating from Edinburgh, Glasgow and Inverness. We are also part of the global Moore Stephens network.

We have been external auditors within the public sector for over fifty years. We provide a comprehensive range of services to clients across the public sector, including NHS bodies, local authorities, central government bodies and FE colleges. We also provide services to charities, schools, as well as private and public limited companies.

Edinburgh	Glasgow	Inverness
Exchange Place 3 Sempie Street Edinburgh EH3 8BL	25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL	Scott-Moncrieff 10 Ardross Street Inverness IV3 5NS
(0131) 473 3500	(0141) 567 4500	(01463) 701 940

Your audit management team



Chris Brown
Audit Partner
chris.brown@scott-moncrieff.com

Chris is the audit partner in charge of the audit of the Board as well as many of our other external and internal audit appointments in the NHS, FE and central government sectors. Chris has over 25 years' experience in NHS auditing. Chris is always available to provide accounting and other advice to the Board.



Karen Jones
Audit Director
karen.jones@scott-moncrieff.com

Karen is one of our directors responsible for the audit of our Audit Scotland external audit appointments. She has considerable experience in planning and delivering audits, producing management reports and liaising with senior officers.



Paul Kelly
IT Audit Director
paul.kelly@scott-moncrieff.com

Paul leads the delivery of computer audit services and has significant experience of delivering a range of services including network infrastructure and security reviews and determining compliance with the requirements of the information security standard, BS7799.

Confirmation of independence

International Standard on Auditing (UK) 260, “Communication with those charged with governance” requires us to communicate on a timely basis all facts and matters that may have a bearing on our independence.

We confirm that we will comply with FRC’s Revised Ethical Standard (June 2016). In our professional judgement, the audit process is independent and our objectivity has not been compromised in any way. In particular there are and have been no relationships between Scott-Moncrieff and the Board, its Board members and senior management that may reasonably be thought to bear on our objectivity and independence.

With regard to our appointment for a second term, we can confirm that we comply with FRC’s Revised Ethical Standard which states that careful consideration must be given once an audit engagement partner has held the role for a continuous period of ten years. Therefore, the new appointment for a second five year term does not contradict the requirement of the Revised Ethical Standards. This is in line with guidance from Audit Scotland which states that there is no expectation for the rotation of audit partners for special health board audits.

Appendix 2: Statement of understanding

Introduction

The purpose of this Statement of understanding is to clarify the terms of our appointment and the key responsibilities of the State Hospitals Board for Scotland (the "Board") and Scott-Moncrieff.

Annual accounts

We will require the annual accounts and supporting working papers for audit by the agreed date specified in the audit timetable. It is assumed that the relevant Board staff will have adequate time available to deal with audit queries and will be available up to the expected time of completion of the audit. We will issue a financial statements strategy which sets out roles, responsibilities and expectations in terms of audit deliverables. This document helps to ensure we can work together effectively to deliver an efficient and effective audit.

Scope of audit

As auditors we will take reasonable steps to plan and carry out the audit so as to meet the objectives and comply with the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice. Audit work will be planned and performed on the basis of our assessment of audit risks, so as to obtain such information and explanations as are considered necessary to provide sufficient evidence to meet the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice.

As auditors we do not act as a substitute for the Board's responsibility to establish proper arrangements to ensure that public business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for and used economically, efficiently and effectively.

As part of our normal audit procedures, we will ask you to provide written confirmation of certain oral representations which we have received from the Board during the course of the audit on matters having a material effect on the annual accounts. This will take place by means of a letter of representation, which will require to be signed by the Chief Executive.

Internal audit

It is the responsibility of the Board to establish adequate internal audit arrangements. The audit fee is agreed on the basis that an effective internal audit function exists.

We will liaise with internal audit to ensure an efficient audit process.

Fraud and irregularity

In order to discharge our responsibilities regarding fraud and irregularity we require any fraud or irregularity issues to be reported to us as they arise. We also require a historic record of instances of fraud or irregularity to be maintained and a summary to be made available to us after each year end.

Ethics

We are bound by the ethical guidelines of our professional body, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland.

Fees

We base our agreed fee upon the assumption that all of the required information for the audit is available within the agreed timetable. If the information is not available within the timetable we reserve the right to charge a fee for the additional time spent by our staff. The fee will depend upon the level of skill and responsibility of the staff involved. The indicative financial statements strategy referred to above is a key means for us to clarify our expectations in terms of quality, quantity and extent of working papers and supporting documentation.

Service

If at any time you would like to discuss with us how our service to you could be improved or if you are dissatisfied with the service you are receiving please let us know by contacting Chris Brown. If you are not satisfied, you should contact our Ethics Partner, Bernadette Higgins. In the event of your not being satisfied by our response, you may also wish to bring the matter to the attention of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland.

We undertake to look at any complaint carefully and promptly and to do all we can to explain the position to you.

Reports

During the course of the audit we will produce reports detailing the results and conclusions from our work. We will endeavour to supply a draft report within three weeks of the completion of the fieldwork of each element of work.

Any recommendations arising from our audit work will be included in an action plan. Management are responsible for providing responses, including target dates for implementation and details of the responsible officer. Management responses should be prepared and provided to us within two weeks of the receipt of the draft report.

These timescales may need to be truncated, e.g. to meet June 2018 Audit Committee reporting deadline.

Agreement of terms

We shall be grateful if the Audit Committee would consider and note this Statement of Understanding. If the contents are not in accordance with your understanding of our terms of appointment, please let us know.



Scott-Moncrieff
business advisers and accountants

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