Fife College

Annual Audit Report to the members of the Board of Governors and the Auditor General for Scotland

10 December 2020



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About this report

This report has been prepared in accordance with Terms of Appointment Letter from Audit Scotland dated 31 May 2016 through which the Auditor General for Scotland has appointed us as external auditor of Fife College (the College) for financial years 2016/17 to 2021/22. We undertake our audit in accordance with the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and our responsibilities as set out within Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice. This report is for the benefit of the College and is made available to the Auditor General for Scotland and Audit Scotland. This report has not been designed to be of benefit to anyone except the recipients. In preparing this report we have not taken into account the interests, needs or circumstances of anyone apart from the recipients, even though we may have been aware that others might read this report.

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Executive Summary: Key Conclusions from our 2019/20 audit

Financial Statements

We have completed our audit of the College's financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2020. Three audit adjustments were required to be made and there were no unadjusted differences that we were required to communicate. The draft financial statements and supporting working papers were provided in line with the agreed audit timetable and were of a good standard. We worked with the finance team to update the financial statements disclosures around Covid-19 and going concern.

We concluded that the other information subject to audit, including the applicable parts of the Remuneration Report and the Annual Governance Statement were appropriate. We were satisfied that the disclosures reflect the College's compliance with the *Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges*, and the key changes in governance arrangements that were required as a result of changes to working practices due to Covid-19.

Going Concern

Management is required to conclude on the going concern basis of preparation in the financial statements. As a result of the unprecedented financial and operational pressures faced by the College to respond to Covid-19, we placed additional emphasis on management's assessment of going concern and the related need to report on the impact of financial pressures on the College and its financial sustainability. We were satisfied that the College remains a going concern and has made appropriate required disclosures in the financial statements. We have considered the related risks to the financial sustainability of the College and its longer term delivery of strategic objectives in our wider scope reporting.

We issued an unqualified audit opinion on the College's 2019/20 financial statements.

We updated our risk assessment in response to the global pandemic, and as a result placed additional focus on:

- the adequacy of the College's disclosures in relation to the pandemic; and
- management's assessment of going concern and the related financial impact of Covid-19 on the College in the year and going forward.



Wider Scope and Best Value

We summarise the conclusion we reached in response to our work on the wider scope dimensions below.

Financial Sustainability

The financial environment in which the College operates was already challenging, and the Covid-19 pandemic has resulted in further, significant financial pressures.

The College prepared a financial forecast return in August 2020 which outlines a marginal underlying operating surplus position over the three years including a forecast surplus of £0.024 million for 2020/21. This demonstrates the tight financial operating position that the College faces in an ever-changing external environment.

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Financial Management

The College has an established budget setting and monitoring framework which includes presentation of financial updates to the Board and Finance Committee throughout the year.

We are satisfied that the core financial management arrangements were not materially impacted as a result of Covid-19 and the subsequent lockdown.

GREEN

GREEN

Governance and Transparency

The key features of good governance have remained in place at the College and have been operating effectively throughout the Covid-19 lockdown. The College responded quickly to ensure that governance arrangements were appropriate and operating effectively during the lockdown period caused by the global pandemic.

The College has re-established a project board to oversee the new Dunfermline Learning Campus development which has clear terms of reference in place.

GREEN

Value for Money

The College has a strategic plan for the period 2018-2023. The College has continued to report its performance against its strategic plan, including key measures within the financial statements.

While the College's performance in the year has been impacted by

arrangements for considering value for money have not been

Covid-19, the College's

altered.

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As a result of the impact of Covid-19, Audit Scotland agreed to extend our appointment as external auditor of the College by at least 12 months, to 2021/22.

Purpose of this report

In accordance with the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 ("the Act"), the Auditor General for Scotland appointed EY as the external auditor of Fife College ("the College") for the five year period 2016/17 to 2020/21. Our appointment term has recently been extended by a further 12 months, to financial year 2021/22. We undertake our audit in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice (the Code), issued by Audit Scotland in May 2016; Auditing Standards and guidance issued by the Financial Reporting Council; relevant legislation; and other guidance issued by Audit Scotland.

This Annual Audit Report is designed to summarise our key findings and conclusions from our audit work. It is addressed to both members of the Board of Governors and the Auditor General for Scotland, and is presented to those charged with governance. This report is provided to Audit Scotland and will be published on their website.

We draw your attention to the fact that our audit was not designed to identify all matters that may be relevant to the College. Our views on internal control and governance arrangements have been based solely on the audit procedures performed in respect of the audit of the financial statements and the other procedures performed in fulfilling our audit plan.

A key objective of our audit reporting is to add value by supporting the improvement of the use of public money. We aim to achieve this through sharing our insights from our audit work, our observations around where the College employs best practice and where practices can be improved. We use these insights to form our audit recommendations to support the College in improving its practices around financial management and control, as well as around key aspects of the wider scope dimensions of audit. Where we identify areas for improvement, we will highlight these throughout this report together with our judgements and conclusions regarding arrangements, and where relevant recommendations and actions agreed with management.



Our independence

We confirm that we have undertaken client and engagement continuance procedures, which include our assessment of our continuing independence to act as your external auditor.

Scope and Responsibilities

The Code sets out the responsibilities of both the College and the auditor (summarised in Appendix A). We outlined these in our Annual Audit Plan, which was presented to the audit committee on in June 2020.

The impact of the Covid-19 Pandemic

We conducted our planning in accordance with Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice in April and May 2020, and presented our Annual Audit Plan to the College's audit committee in June 2020. While the declaration of the global Covid-19 pandemic and the resulting lockdown arrangements were in place, we noted at the time that there remained a significant number of uncertainties over how the pandemic could impact the College's financial statements preparation and arrangements around the areas of wider scope subject to audit. As a result, we revisited our planning assessments for the 2019/20 audit and presented an updated planning report addendum to the College in September 2020.

As a result of our assessment we have not identified any new financial statement risks. There are, however, a number of areas of audit where we identified increased risks or new areas of focus within existing risks. The financial statement disclosures were also impacted by Covid-19, including:

- Governance Statement: The governance statement captured how the governance arrangements changed during the lockdown period and what steps were taken to maintain a robust control environment during the disruption.
- Disclosures and estimates: Additional disclosures were required throughout the financial statements, including the performance and accountability report, to reflect the additional risks facing the College and how these have impacted the key judgements and estimates made in preparation of the financial statements.
- **Going concern:** In accordance with the Government Financial Reporting Manual ('the FReM'), the College should prepare its financial statements on a going concern basis unless informed by the relevant national body of the intention for dissolution without transfer of services or function to another entity. Covid-19 has created increased financial pressures throughout the public sector. Uncertainty remains about the level of financial support that may become available from the Scottish Government to reflect the financial consequences. In light of this, the audit placed increased focus on management's disclosures regarding the going concern basis of preparation in the financial statements, in particular the financial impact of Covid-19 and the future financial sustainability of the College. The results of this assessment are reported in Section 2 on page 16.

The ongoing disruption to the delivery of further education as a result of the Covid-19 has a pervasive impact upon the financial statements.

The financial statements have been updated to reflect the impact of Covid-19 on the College's financial position and performance.



Adaption to remote working

Our audit fieldwork was completed remotely as a result of the Scottish Government's lockdown restrictions. There were two key impacts:

- Additional work was required to assess the format of evidence provided and where necessary, procedures were performed to validate the authenticity of evidence; and
- All contact with senior management and the finance team was conducted via virtual meetings. We would take this opportunity to thank the full team for their co-operation and support throughout this period.

Our review and reassessment of materiality

Our Annual Audit Plan explained that our audit procedures would be performed using a materiality of £1.1 million. We considered whether any change to our materiality was required in light of Covid-19 and we remain satisfied that the materiality values reported within our Annual Audit Plan remain appropriate. As we reported in our Annual Audit Plan Addendum we audit a number of areas of additional focus to lower materiality levels.

Our evaluation requires professional judgement and so takes into account gualitative as well as guantitative considerations. Factors which we consider include the perspectives and expectations of users of the financial statements as well as our risk assessment as to the likelihood of material misstatements arising in the financial statements.

Overall Materiality



2% of the College's operating expenditure

Tolerable Error

£855,000

Nominal amount



Level that we will report to committee

As outlined in our Annual Audit Plan, based on considerations around the expectations of financial statement users and gualitative factors, we apply lower materiality levels to the audit of the Remuneration Report and Related Party Transactions.

Materiality at an individual account level

We remain satisfied that

the values reported to

Report for planning

differences remain

appropriate.

you in our Annual Audit

materiality, performance

materiality and our audit threshold for reporting



Financial statement audit

We are responsible for conducting an audit of the College's financial statements. We undertake our audit in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice (the Code), issued by Audit Scotland in May 2016; relevant Auditing Standards and applicable Practice Notes issued by the Financial Reporting Council; relevant legislation; and other guidance issued by Audit Scotland.

We are responsible for conducting an audit of the financial statements of the College and provide an opinion on the financial statements as to:

- whether they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College as at 31 July 2020 and the deficit for the year then ended;
- whether they have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- whether they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Funding Council, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 14 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Our findings are summarised in Section 2 of this report.

Wider Scope audit

Our responsibilities extend beyond the audit of the financial statements. The Code requires auditors to provide judgements and conclusions on the four dimensions of wider scope public audit:

- Financial management;
- Financial sustainability;
- Governance and transparency; and
- Value for money.

Our findings are summarised in Section 3 of this report.

Financial Statements audit

Introduction

The financial statements provide the College with an opportunity to demonstrate accountability for the resources that it controls, and report on its overall performance in the application of those resources during the year.

This section of our report summarises the audit work undertaken to support our audit opinion, including our conclusions in response to the significant and other risks identified in our Annual Audit Plan.

The plan highlighted one area that we identified as a fraud risk relating to the risk of fraud in revenue and expenditure recognition, including through management override of controls.

Compliance with financial reporting requirements

As part of our oversight of the College's financial reporting process, we report on our consideration of the quality of working papers and supporting documentation prepared, predominantly by the finance team, to support the audit.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 and directions made thereunder issued by the Scottish Funding Council, the Charities and Trustees Investment (Scotland) Act and regulation 14 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Management provided draft financial statements at the start of the audit, in line with the agreed timetable. The financial statements had been updated for the new requirements as outlined in the SFC's 2019/20 Accounts Direction for colleges and the new FE SORP which was applicable this year.

Audit Outcomes

We identified three adjusted audit differences arising from the audit which have been reflected within the financial statements. The differences related to the reclassification of deferred capital grants to short-term creditors and reclassifying expenditure as prepayments. Our overall audit opinion is summarised on the following page.

The FE/HE SORP 2019 edition became effective for the year ended 31 July 2020. The College performed a review of the impact of the new SORP on their financial statements with the only material change being the new 'Analysis of Debt' disclosure.



Our audit opinion

Element of opinion	Basis of our opinion	Conclusions
Financial statements The financial statements provide a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College at 31 July 2020 and of the deficit for the year then ended	We report on the outcomes of our audit procedures to respond to our assessed risk of misstatements, including significant risks within this section of our report. We did not identify any areas of material misstatement. We are satisfied that accounting policies are appropriate and estimates are reasonable.	We issued an unqualified audit opinion on the 2019/20 financial statements for the College.
The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the financial reporting framework	We have considered the financial statements against the financial reporting requirements, and additional guidance issued by the SFC and Audit Scotland.	
Going concern We are required to conclude and report on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting	We conduct core financial statements audit work, including management's assessment of the appropriateness of the going concern basis. Wider scope procedures, including financial forecasts are considered as part of our work on financial sustainability.	We have no matters to report.
Other information We consider whether the other information in the financial statements is materially inconsistent with other knowledge obtained during the audit	 We conduct a range of substantive procedures on the financial statements. Our conclusion draws upon: Review of committee minutes and papers, regular discussions with management, our understanding of the College and the sector. 	We are satisfied that the annual report materially meets the core requirements set out in the Accounts Direction.
Report on regularity of income and expenditure We are required to consider whether in all material respects the income and expenditure in the financial statements were incurred or applied in accordance with any applicable enactments and guidance issued by Scottish Ministers	 Our procedures include: Understanding the applicable enactments and guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers Performed detailed testing of income and expenditure testing to ensure transactions are in line with enactments and guidance 	We are satisfied that in all material respects income and expenditure are regular.
Matters prescribed by the Auditor General for Scotland Audited part of Remuneration Report has been properly prepared. The Performance Report and Annual Governance Statement are consistent with the financial statements and have been properly prepared.	We are required to report on whether the sections of the Remuneration and Staff Report, and Accountability Report have been properly prepared in accordance with the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Funding Council.	We have no matters to report.
Matters on which we are required to report by exception	 We are required to report on whether: adequate accounting records have not been kept; or the financial statements and the audited part of the Remuneration and Staff Report are not in agreement with the accounting records; or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit 	We have no matters to report.



Significant and fraud audit risks

Risk of Fraud in expenditure recognition

As we outlined in our Annual Audit Plan, ISA (UK) 240 requires us to assume that fraud risk from income recognition is a significant risk. In the public sector, we extend our consideration to the risk of material misstatement by manipulation of expenditure.

As outlined in our audit planning report, we rebut the risk of improper recognition of Scottish Funding Council ("SFC") core grant funding because there is no judgement in respect of this income stream. With regards to expenditure, we rebut the risk of improper recognition of payroll expenditure however we have identified a specific risk in relation to the change in payroll system during the year.

Specific procedures relating to significant risks

We undertake specific, additional procedures over income and expenditure streams where we identified a significant risk, including:

- Review and challenge management's accounting estimates over revenue or expenditure recognition for evidence of bias;
- Review transaction listings for individually material balances as well as unusual items to agree to supporting documentation and third party evidence;
- Test a representative sample of transactions across the remaining income and expenditure population to ensure coverage of testing across all balances;
- Review and test income and expenditure around the financial yearend to ensure it is accounted for in the correct financial period;
- Perform an additional search for material payments and receipts received after year end and ensured these had been accounted for in the correct period; and
- Review both income and expenditure for additional revenue streams and related to the Covid-19 outbreak, such as additional grant income or additional health and safety costs.

- Our testing has not identified any material misstatements relating to revenue and expenditure recognition. We did not identify any areas of significant estimation or judgement as part of our audit work in these areas.
- We did identify one audit difference from our testing of expenditure around the financial year end. Management reflected this difference within the financial statements and no further differences were identified from testing performed.
- There were no new material income or expenditure streams as a result of Covid-19. We agreed the impact of Covid-19 on tuition fees with management and concurred with the treatment in the financial statements.

Risk of management override

Our Annual Audit Plan recognises that under ISA (UK) 240, management is considered to be in a unique position to perpetrate fraud in financial reporting because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We respond to this risk on every engagement.

Risk of Fraud

We considered the risk of fraud, enquired with management about their assessment of the risks of fraud and the controls to address those risks. We also updated and developed our understanding of the oversight of those charged with governance over management's processes over fraud.

Testing on Journal Entries

We tested the appropriateness of manual journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements. We obtained all journals posted in the financial year and used our data analysers to identify those requiring further investigation and corroboration, such as those posted by management to key accounts around the financial yearend.

Judgements and Estimates

We reviewed each significant accounting estimate for evidence of management bias, including retrospective consideration of management's prior year estimates.

Significant unusual transactions

We evaluated the business rationale for any significant unusual transactions appearing in the financial statements in the year.

Accounting Policies

• We considered the consistency and application of accounting policies, and the overall presentation of financial information.

- We have not identified any additional risks in respect of potential frauds in the financial year.
- We are have not identified any material weaknesses in the design and implementation of controls around journal processing. We did not identify any instances of evidence of management override of controls.
- There was no disagreement during the course of the audit over any accounting treatment or disclosure and we encountered no significant difficulties in the audit.



Inherent Risk - Valuation of Property, Plant & Equipment

Given the size of this balance and the number of assumptions that are made in the valuation of the College estate, we assign a higher inherent risk to property, plant and equipment. During the year, the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) issued guidance highlighting that the uncertain impact of Covid-19 on markets may cause valuers to conclude that there is a material uncertainty at 31 March 2020. While this guidance was subsequently removed by 31 July 2020, there was a materially increased uncertainty around the valuation of assets in the current environment.

The College obtained a desktop valuation from their external valuer who included the aforementioned material uncertainty clause within their valuation report. The College's PPE totals £78.6 million, a decrease of £2.2 million from 2018/19. This movement includes depreciation of £3.1 million and a revaluation gain of £0.95 million.

Our approach focused on:

- analysis of the valuation of the College's estate, including consideration of the source data used, inquiries as to the procedures used by management's specialist, assessment of the reasonableness of the assumptions and methods used in the valuation, consideration of the appropriateness of the timing of when the specialist carried out the work, and assessment of whether the substance of the specialist's findings are properly reflected in the financial statements;
- assessment of the potential for impairment across the College estate that has not been reflected in the financial statements or most recent formal valuation; and
- consideration of the appropriateness of disclosures made by the College in the financial statements in respect to potential valuation uncertainties at 31 July 2020.

- We concluded that there were no material audit differences in the approach and conclusions around management's valuation of the College's estate at 31 July 2020.
- We concluded that all material uncertainties in respect of the valuation of assets were appropriately disclosed in the financial statements.

Other Inherent Risk Areas

Our Annual Audit Plan highlighted additional areas of inherent risk. We identified no further areas of risk as part of our audit procedures. The results of our procedures on inherent risk areas are summarised below.

Valuation of net pension liabilities

The College participates in two pension schemes: the Local Government Pension Scheme (Fife Council Pension Fund) and the Scottish Teachers Superannuation Scheme (STSS). At 31 July 2020, the College's share of the pension scheme net liability totalled £33.3 million (2018/19: £17.7million) and the present value of the unfunded obligation in relation to early retirements agreed in previous years is £3.5 million (2018/19: £3.3 million). Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf. The information disclosed is based on the FRS 102 report issued to the College by the actuary. ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

Our approach included:

- obtaining an actuarial report at the year end date for the scheme and considering the reasonableness and consistency of actuarial assumptions underpinning such reports in conjunction with our internal specialists;
- performing substantive testing on the verification of the pension assets. Specifically, we engage with the auditors of Fife Council Pension Fund in line with the assurance protocols laid out by Audit Scotland for IAS 19 and FRS 102, including consideration of possible valuation uncertainties driven by the impact of Covid-19. We also analysed the fund's estimated asset position at 31 July 2020 from its financial yearend position at 31 March 2020 against expectations based on equity and other market movements in that time period;
- assessing the work of the actuaries in considering the impact of legal rulings impacting the liabilities in the fund, in particular in relation to updated guidance on the impact of the McCloud ruling and Goodwin judgement; and
- reviewing the calculation of the College's valuation of future early retirement liabilities at 31 July 2020, including the integrity of the underlying pensioner data used by the actuary and College.

- In calculating the scheme assets as at 31 July 2020 the actuary performs a roll forward technique using investment returns and cash flow data since the last triennial valuation. We have considered the reasonableness of the reported asset position and note that the actuary's estimated investment returns were consistent with actual investment returns for Fife Council Pension Fund. The College has appropriately disclosed the ongoing valuation uncertainty in relation to the valuation of the Fund's Level 3 investment assets within their financial statements.
- In relation to the Goodwin judgement, the College instructed their actuary to perform an impact assessment who concluded that the impact was immaterial for the College and no adjustment has been made to the financial statements in respect of this.
- Assumptions used by the actuary and adopted by the College are considered to be generally acceptable. The sensitivities surrounding these assumptions have been correctly disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Payroll System change

Payroll expenditure accounts for approximately 70% of the College's expenditure (£39.4 million in 2019/20). The College procured a new payroll system which was implemented in May 2020. While the introduction of a new system provides operational benefits to the College, it will also create additional financial statement risks during the transfer and initial phases of operation. Our approach included:

- understanding the process for transferring payroll data between the old and new systems to ensure it is both accurate and complete;
- testing a sample of employee deductions to ensure both pay and deductions were accurately calculated by the new system;
- reviewing reconciliations performed by the College to ensure that the financial ledger accurately reflects the payroll transactions for the full financial year; and
- using data analytics tools to ensure payroll information within the financial ledger is complete.

- Our work in relation to the transfer of the payroll data between the old and new systems did not identify any issues. We are satisfied that appropriate arrangements were implemented to ensure an appropriate transition between systems.
- We concluded that payroll costs from the new system were appropriately reflected in the financial ledger and financial statements.
- Sample testing of employee deductions did not identify any concerns in relation to the accuracy of calculations performed by the new system.

Going concern

The rationale for going concern remains the same, but we placed increased focus on management's assertion of going concern and disclosures relating to financial sustainability as a result of the uncertainty and unprecedented budget pressures caused by Covid-19. In accordance with the FReM, the College shall prepare its financial statements on a going concern basis unless informed by the relevant national body of the intention for dissolution without transfer of services or function to another entity. However, International Auditing Standard 570 Going Concern, as applied by Practice Note 10: *Audit of financial statements of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom*, still require auditors to undertake sufficient and appropriate audit procedures to consider whether there is a material uncertainty on going concern that requires reporting by management within the financial statements, and within the auditor's report.

Covid-19 has created a number of financial pressures throughout the public sector, including further education. Uncertainty remains about the level of financial support that may become available from the SFC to reflect the financial consequences of Covid-19. As a result, the SFC's 2019/20 Accounts Direction requires an explanation of the adoption of the going concern basis and mitigating actions taken as a result of Covid-19 to be included as part of the going concern commentary within the College's financial statements, both in the Performance Overview and Annual Governance Statement.

Management's going concern assessment and associated disclosures cover at least the 12 month period from the date of approval of the financial statements, but may be expected to include future performance through the medium term.

After completing its going concern assessment in line with the information and support provided through the earlier discussions in the audit process, the College has concluded that there are no material uncertainties around its going concern status. We have outlined our consideration of the College's financial position going forward in the financial sustainability section of this report. We considered this in conjunction with management's assessment on going concern, focusing on:

- the completeness of factors considered in management's going concern assessment;
- the integrity and robustness of the underlying cash flow forecasts supporting future financial projections, in particular if the College projects to require financial support during the going concern assessment period; and
- the completeness of disclosures in the financial statements in relation to going concern and future financial performance in line with the requirements of the SFC 2019/20 Accounts Direction.

- We are satisfied that it remains appropriate for the College financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.
- We worked with management to enhance some of the disclosures in relation to going concern and the expected medium term impact of Covid-19 which have been appropriately reflected within the College financial statements.



Wider Scope dimensions

Introduction

Under Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice (May 2016), we are required to reach conclusions in relation to the effectiveness and appropriateness of the College's arrangements for each of the wider scope audit dimensions. We apply our professional judgement to risk assess and focus our work on each of the dimensions.

The Wider Scope dimensions

Financial Management:

Considers the effectiveness of financial management arrangements, including whether there is sufficient financial capacity and resources, sound budgetary processes and whether the control environment and internal controls are operating effectively.

Financial Sustainability:

Considers the medium and longer term outlook to determine if planning is effective to support service delivery. This will focus on the arrangements to develop viable and sustainable financial plans.

Governance and Transparency:

Is concerned with the effectiveness of scrutiny and governance arrangements, leadership and decision making, and transparent reporting of financial and performance information.

Value for Money

Considers whether value for money can be demonstrated in the use of resources. This includes the extent to which there is an alignment between spend, outputs and outcomes delivered and that there is a clear focus on improvement.

We outlined in our Annual Audit Plan Addendum, presented to the Audit Committee in September 2020, how our consideration and audit work in respect of the wider scope dimensions would be impacted by Covid-19 this year. Our areas of audit focus in these areas have therefore been undertaken through the lens of Covid-19.



Financial Sustainability

The financial environment in which the College operates was already challenging, and the Covid-19 pandemic has resulted in further, significant financial pressures, and creates a risk that the College will not be able to develop viable and sustainable financial plans due to external factors.

The College prepared a financial forecast return in August 2020 which outlines a marginal underlying operating surplus position over the three years including a forecast surplus of £0.024 million for 2020/21. This demonstrates the tight financial operating position that the College faces in an ever-changing external environment.

The context for financial sustainability in the FE sector

During 2020, the Scottish Funding Council (SFC) released three reports considering the future of colleges and universities. Most recently in October 2020 the SFC published their review of coherent provision and sustainability which considered how best the SFC can fulfil its mission of securing coherent provision by post-16 education bodies, and the undertaking of research in these changing times. The review covered future provision, delivery, outcomes and targets, funding models and support for research activity across the college and university sector in Scotland.

Specifically, as part of this review, the SFC published their updated analysis of the sector within their report, The Financial Sustainability of Colleges and Universities in Scotland. This reflects on the specific financial challenges the sector was facing prior to the impact of Covid-19, including cost pressures from cost of living pay awards, employers' pension contributions, maintaining the college estate and the UK's exit from the European Union, and notes that colleges were already implementing transformation plans to address those challenges. Covid-19 has, in some cases, resulted in the delay of these transformation plans, particularly where they relate to severance and commercial income growth. The main impact of Covid-19 is considered to be felt most by the sector during the 2020-21 financial and academic year.

Recognising the financial challenges facing colleges in the upcoming period, the SFC has identified a number of actions to further support colleges including:

- Targets SFC will not recover funds for shortfalls against outcome agreement targets where these are related to Covid-19;
- Capital Funding £2.3 million of additional funding for colleges has been awarded to support the provision of ICT equipment to help tackle digital poverty. In addition, the SFC announced £6.5 million of additional capital funding to support the economic recovery in 2020/21;
- Cash advances SFC has provided flexibility in grant drawdowns to several colleges encountering liquidity challenges; and
- Flexibilities in relation to Flexible Workforce Development Fund, Student Support funds and credits.

Work is underway to consider the full impact of the financial saving requirements outlined in the FFR against the College's strategic objectives.



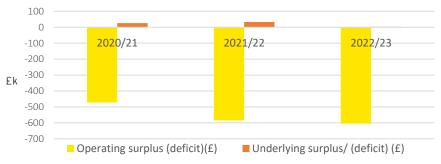
Additional funding is also expected to become available in relation to the Youth Guarantee Scheme (£10 million direct funding for colleges), the transitional training fund and use of the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme.

In addition to these steps, the SFC is working with the Scottish Government and other stakeholders on a possible Transformation Investment Fund to support colleges to make specific one-off investments to achieve lasting improvement in their financial health.

Medium term financial forecasting

The College has prepared a three-year financial forecast for the period 2020 to 2023 and submitted these to the SFC in the form of the template Financial Forecast Return ('FFR'). The forecast is based on assumptions provided by the SFC in addition to College specific assumptions for areas such as other income and staff numbers. The assumptions have been subject to scrutiny by the College's senior management team and Finance, Commercial and Estates Committee. As Exhibit 1 demonstrates, this analysis forecasts a small underlying operating surplus for the three years of the plan.

Exhibit 1: The College's FFR highlights that the College is forecasting an operating deficit, for the three years of the FFR period through to 2022/23. This results in an underlying surplus when non-cash elements are removed.



Source: Fife College Financial Forecast Return, September 2020

The College's forecasts recognise significant uncertainty in the current environment. The main risks associated with the forecast income and expenditure in the financial forecast return are:

- Underachievement of European Social Fund grant income due to the impact of the pandemic on student numbers and ability to undertake courses.
- Underachievement of credit and academic fee income due to increased competition from universities as a result of the pandemic and lower international students.
- Underachievement of commercial income targets due to restrictions on campus delivery and general economic uncertainty.
- Non-achievement of staff and non-staff savings.



Going concern cash flow forecasting

We have outlined our work in respect of going concern on page 16 of this report. While the College has prepared its financial statements on a going concern basis as required by the FReM for a public body, it is required to consider its ability to meet liabilities as they fall due over the going concern assessment period, being 12 months from the approval of the financial statements.

As part of its financial forecasting arrangements the College has forecast its cash flow during this period, including testing a number of sensitivities which may be impacted by the current uncertainty around the 2020/21 and 2021/22 academic years as a result of Covid-19.

The College's severe downside cash flow forecasts demonstrates it has headroom of £1.7 million at the lowest point in its going concern assessment period. It has considered the impact of the following stresses on cash flow during the period:

- 1. Reductions in non-SFC income of 50% from baseline budget.
- 2. Inability to implement savings plans, including severance schemes.

On this basis, management has concluded that there is no plausible scenario where the College will require financial support to meet its liabilities during the going concern assessment period.

Financial Management

The College reported an adjusted operating surplus of £1.015 million surplus against an initial budget of £0.12 million with the variance due to the financial impact of Covid-19. We were satisfied that the College's financial monitoring and reporting was clear and consistent throughout the year.

The College has an established budget setting and monitoring framework which includes presentation of financial updates to the Board and Finance Committee throughout the year. We are satisfied that the core financial management arrangements were not materially impacted as a result of Covid-19 and the subsequent lockdown

Financial performance and monitoring

The College reported a deficit of £3.08 million for the year (2018/19: £3.3 million). Following an actuarial loss of £12.8 million and a revaluation gain of £0.95 million, the College reported total comprehensive expenditure of £14.9 million (2018/19: £8.5 million income). The College had an operating surplus after removal of non-cash accounting adjustments (relating to pension and capital accounting) of £1.1 million (2018/19: £0.2 million).

The financial performance in 2019/20 was significantly impacted by Covid-19. In particular, tuition fee and other non-SFC income reduced significantly following the College closure in March 2020. This reduction in income was offset by staff savings through the furlough scheme and other savings related to delayed expenditure and vacancy management.

In line with previous years, the College's financial performance was monitored throughout the year by management and the Finance, Commercial and Estates Committee. This process was not impacted by Covid-19, and there is evidence of financial monitoring, reporting and planning by the Board and Finance, Commercial and Estates Committee through the financial year, up to the approval of the 2020/21 budget and its submission to the SFC in June 2020. One additional Finance, Commercial and Estates Committee Sector and Estates Committee was also arranged in order to approve the Financial Forecast Return due to changes in deadlines as a result of the uncertainty caused by lockdown and the impact that it had on the College's financial position, in particular the impact on the College's commercial income.

Throughout 2019/20 management reported budget pressures and variances through its management accounting. These were significant in the year, however we are satisfied these related to the unforeseen impact of Covid-19 on College operations on the last four months of the financial year.



Impact of Covid-19 on systems of internal control

Within the Annual Governance Statement, the College has concluded that they have obtained assurance that the system of internal control was operating effectively during the year with no exceptions or issues identified. Through our audit of the financial statements, we consider the design and implementation of key controls related to areas of significant risk to the financial statements. This work has included documenting the key internal financial controls and performing walkthroughs to ensure controls are implemented as designed.

We undertook an initial assessment of the financial control environment as part of our planning work in May 2020, and updated our understanding as part of the yearend audit. Our work has not identified any significant weaknesses in the College's systems of internal control. In particular, we have not identified any significant changes to the design and implementation of controls as a result of the impact of Covid-19 on working arrangements.

National Fraud Initiative (NFI)

NFI is a counter-fraud exercise co-ordinated by Audit Scotland and overseen by the Cabinet Office to identify fraud and error. The NFI exercise produces data matches by comparing a range of information held on public bodies' systems to identify potential fraud or error.

During the 2018/19 audit we submitted an assessment of the College's participation in the exercise to Audit Scotland, concluding that the College had actively participated in the NFI exercise and that it is well embedded within the College's Fraud Policy and Response Plan. In line with Audit Scotland requirements we submitted an update report in February 2020. We noted progress continued to be made by the College and that we had no matters to report.

Fraud and corruption

In 2019/20, we note that the College reported a theft of cash from the Conference Centre. In response, the College's internal auditors were engaged to review cash handling procedures to ensure that internal controls are robust and operating effectively.

In September 2020, the College also became aware of suspicious activity involving a College email address, and prevented an attempted fraud to purchase computer equipment remotely. This incident is being treated as a "near miss" and the College is investigating the controls and any weaknesses that allowed access to emails. This work will be reported to the Audit and Risk Committee in November 2020. The incident has also been reported to Police Scotland and to the SFC.

We will review the outcomes and lessons learned from the "near miss" attempted fraud in 2020/21.



Governance and Transparency

The key features of good governance have remained in place at the College and have been operating effectively throughout the Covid-19 lockdown. The College responded quickly to ensure that governance arrangements were appropriate and operating effectively during the lockdown period caused by the global pandemic.

The College has re-established a project board to oversee the new Dunfermline Learning Campus development which has clear terms of reference in place.

Annual Governance Statement

The College has demonstrated through the year that it has the key requirements for good governance. The key aspects of governance arrangements in the year are required to be disclosed in the College's Annual Governance Statement within the financial statements. We reviewed the governance statement within the financial statements against the requirements outlined in the SFC's 2019/20 Accounts Direction and our understanding of governance arrangements in place up to 31 July 2020.

This includes the requirements to conclude on the College's compliance with the 2016 Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges, or to explain any areas of non-compliance. Our consideration of the governance statement has included:

- Ensuring that the College has met all requirements of the SFC's 2019/20 Accounts Direction;
- Ensuring that the content of the statement is consistent with our understanding of the College's governance arrangements and any issues identified during the year; and
- Ensuring that the College has performed a self-assessment of compliance with the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges and that this assessment is reflected in the statement.

We reviewed the Annual Governance Statement against the required guidance and we were satisfied that it was consistent with both the governance framework, key findings from relevant audit activity and management's assessment of its own compliance with the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges.

The governance statement included an appropriate level of detail on how governance arrangements were maintained during the revised operating period, as a result of Covid-19.



Governance

arrangements were quickly developed to ensure that the College was kept informed of the impact of Covid-19. We were therefore satisfied that Board members had sufficient information to continue to fulfil their role.

Covid-19 Governance Arrangements

Like all other public bodies in Scotland, the College moved to revised governance arrangements at the beginning of the UK lockdown period. Board meetings and other committee meetings scheduled from April 2020 continued via remote working arrangements, and all relevant business continued to be considered as required.

Risks associated with the pandemic have also been considered by the Board. An updated risk register, taking account of Covid-19, was presented to the Audit and Risk Committee on the 3 June 2020. We are satisfied that key information continues to be disseminated to the Board and other committees on a timely basis.

Prior to lockdown, the College appointed 5 new Board members who all received their induction training remotely through Microsoft Teams. The College's Director of Governance and Compliance maintains a record of all training attended by both new and existing members to ensure they receive sufficient support to perform their roles effectively.

New Campus Development

The SFC offered the College funding to purchase a site at Halbeath, Dunfermline for a potential new build College campus in West Fife in October 2018. The subsequent purchase of the land was processed on 31 October 2018.

On 4 September 2019, the Scottish Government confirmed funding for a joint Dunfermline learning campus which will bring together students from the College, Woodmill High School and St Columba's High School. It will invest up to £90 million in capital to fund the College portion of the campus and up to 50% of the overall cost for the schools element. The estimated total project cost is between £150 and £180 million. Discussions are ongoing with Fife Council to develop the joint campus and collaborative learning pathways for students.

During the year, the College has collaborated with Fife Council on the masterplan for the site with an executive summary of the masterplan submitted to the Deputy First Minister and a full masterplan to the SFC and Scottish Government sponsor division. The College has also undertaken work on the schedule of accommodation to be included in the Outline Business Case, currently planned for submission in May 2021. Considerations are currently being given to the nature of space required by the College in the context of increased home working by College staff and the blended learning model being adopted due to current Covid-19 restrictions.

A project board is in place and throughout 2019/20 reported directly to the Finance, Estates and Commercial Committee with regular updates also presented to the Board.



Enquiries of those charged with governance

In line with previous years, we formally wrote to the Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee to make inquiries around the College's governance arrangements, including consideration by those charged with governance in respect of compliance with laws and regulations; identification of fraud, error and breaches of internal control; and material litigation and claims. No matters were brought to our attention.

Internal audit's opinion for the year was based on its agreed audit plan for the year, as approved by the Audit and Risk Committee. For 2019/20, the internal auditor's opinion notes that, 'In our opinion Fife College has a framework of controls in place that provides reasonable assurance regarding the organisation's governance framework, internal controls, effective and efficient achievement of objectives and the management of key risks.'

National Reports

It is important that the College has embedded arrangements to ensure that consideration is appropriately given to national reports published by Audit Scotland. At present, national reports are reviewed by management and the impact on the College is considered. These will be presented to the Board or relevant committee where necessary.

The most recent reports considered include the SFC's *Review of Coherent Provision and Sustainability*. The College Principal was part of an advisory group supporting the review and provided updates to the Board as appropriate.

External effectiveness review

All colleges are required to undertake an external effectiveness review (EER) at least every 3 years, in accordance with the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges. The College are due to undertake this exercise during 2020/21 and at the time of the writing, this is currently underway. The draft report and action plan is due to be considered by the Board on 9 December 2020.

EU withdrawal

There continues to be a significant interest in public bodies' preparedness for EU withdrawal. We are aware that management has continued to consider and monitor the arrangements and risks around the UK's departure from the EU and the upcoming end of its transition period. The College is aware that there continues to be a potential for disruption to operations and costs arising from Brexit and continues to review any new information and guidance provided by bodies such as Scottish Government and the SFC as it is published. Management is confident at this stage that the College is mitigated from the immediate direct impacts of Brexit on its operations and funding.

The College's response and preparations for Brexit have been led by Director - Planning and Performance. A Brexit Plan is in place and has been subject to regular updates throughout the year. The plan draws on external guidance including publications from the SFC. The College has undertaken a range of actions, including:

- identifying individuals that may be directly impacted, including staff and students both currently enrolled in courses and applicants for next year;
- financial evaluation of the expected impact, including European Social Funding, Erasmus and tuition fees; and
- a risk assessment on contracts with suppliers.

Value for Money

The College Board considered regular updates against the Strategic Plan throughout the year. Performance has been maintained against the majority of the College's KPIs during 2019/20, although some indicators were impacted by the closure of the College in March 2020 during lockdown. The most recent student survey shows a significant increase both in response rate and in satisfaction levels, during a period of financial challenge and restraint.

We have no matters to report in respect of the College's arrangements around procurement or staff severance.

Performance Reporting

The College's Strategic Plan 2018-23 was published in March 2018 and sought to address key challenges, including areas of poor performance against the rest of the sector in student satisfaction, positive destinations and attainment. Twelve Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) have been adopted to monitor the achievement of the Plan however two indicators are not yet available. The College's financial statements present the most up to date performance against the indicators.

Exhibit 2: College performance has improved for 40% of the key performance indicators in 2019/20





The College continued to monitor its performance throughout the 2019/20 financial year, including after the national lockdown in March, and has reported on the key aspects of its performance in its financial statements. The reporting includes:

- Summary of financial performance in the year against key performance indicators, including comparatives for prior year;
- Summary of performance against each strategic priority for the College, including the impact of Covid-19 and future plans; and
- Performance in relation to key student targets around recruitment, retention and experience in the year.



The College has a dedicated area of the website for Quality and Performance Information where it publishes its performance indicators annually. The 2019/20 performance indicators have not yet been published, although this is in line with the timetable from previous years and is expected to be published later in 2020.

Voluntary Severance Scheme

During 2019/20, the College accounted for payments of £428,000 to individuals who are due to leave the College under voluntary severance agreements or redundancy. We confirmed that the College had followed the procedures outlined within SFC's guidance for seeking approval for severance schemes and settlement agreements.

Procurement arrangements

We considered the College's procurement arrangements to support the achievement of value for money, specifically whether arrangements in place had been amended as a result of challenges related to Covid-19, such as the inability to implement designed approval arrangements. We are satisfied that procurement arrangements throughout the financial year continued to be reported and scrutinised by the Finance, Commercial and Estates Committee.



- A Code of Audit Practice: responsibilities
- B Independence and audit quality
- C Required communications with the audit and risk committee
- D Adjusted errors identified during the audit
- E Follow up of prior year recommendations
- F Timing and deliverables of the audit

Appendix A: Code of Audit Practice Responsibilities

Audited Body's Responsibilities

Corporate Governance	Each body, through its chief executive or accountable officer, is responsible for establishing arrangements to ensure the proper conduct of its affairs including the legality of activities and transactions, and for monitoring the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements. Audited bodies should involve those charged with governance (including audit, risk and governance committees or equivalent) in monitoring these arrangements.
Financial Statements and related reports	 Audited bodies must prepare an annual report and accounts containing financial statements and other related reports. They have responsibility for: preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of their financial position and their expenditure and income, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework and relevant legislation.
	maintaining accounting records and working papers that have been prepared to an acceptable professional standard and support their financial statements and related reports disclosures.
	 ensuring the regularity of transactions, by putting in place systems of internal control to ensure that they are in accordance with the appropriate authority. maintaining proper accounting records.
	 preparing and publishing, along with their financial statements, an annual governance statement, management commentary (or equivalent) and a remuneration report that are consistent with the disclosures made in the financial statements. Management commentary should be fair, balanced and understandable and also clearly address the longer-term financial sustainability of the body.
	Management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, should communicate clearly and concisely relevant information to users about the entity and its financial performance, including providing adequate disclosures in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
	Audited bodies are responsible for developing and implementing effective systems of internal control as well as financial, operational and compliance controls. These systems should support the achievement of their objectives and safeguard and secure value for money from the public funds at their disposal. They are also responsible for establishing effective and appropriate internal audit and risk-management functions.
Standards of conduct / prevention and detection of fraud and error	Audited bodies are responsible for establishing arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and irregularities, bribery and corruption and also to ensure that their affairs are managed in accordance with proper standards of conduct by putting proper arrangements in place.
Standards of conduct / prevention and detection of fraud and error	Audited bodies are responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to ensure that their financial position is soundly based having regard to:
	 such financial monitoring and reporting arrangements as may be specified compliance with any statutory financial requirements and achievement of financial targets
	 balances and reserves, including strategies about levels and their future use how they plan to deal with uncertainty in the medium and longer term the impact of planned future policies and foreseeable developments on their financial position.
Best Value	The Scottish Public Finance Manual sets out that accountable officers appointed by the Principal Accountable Officer for the Scottish Administration have a specific responsibility to ensure that arrangements have been made to secure best value.



Appendix B: Independence and audit quality

Professional ethical standards, and the Terms of our Appointment, require us to communicate all significant facts and matters that have a bearing on EY's objectivity and independence as auditor of the College.

Matters that we are required to communicate	The FRC Ethical Standard requires that we probetween Ernst & Young (EY), its directors and affiliates, and you, including all services provided to other known of the services provided to other known of the services that could compromise independent of the safeguards that are in place and why they add There are no relationships from 1 August 203 which we consider may reasonably be though and objectivity.	d senior managed ided by us and or own connected p on our integrity of endence and the dress the threats 19 to the date of	ment and ur network to arties that we or objectivity, related 5. this report,
Confirmations	We confirm that there are no changes in our since our confirmation in our Annual Audit Pl		
	We complied with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards and the requirements of Audit Scotland's Terms of Appointment. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements.		
	We consider that our independence in this co should review, as well as us. It is important the the College consider the facts known collectivy you would like to discuss any matters concern pleased to do this at the meeting of the audit	hat management vely to you and c ning our indepen	and members of ome to a view. If dence, we will be
Audit Fees		2019/20	2018/19
	Component of fee:		
	Auditor remuneration - expected fee	£28,600	£27,950
	Additional audit procedures (see below)	£5,200	£2,750
	Audit Scotland fixed charges:		
	Pooled costs	£1,640	£1,610
	Contribution to Audit Scotland costs	£1,560	£1,690
	Total fee	£37,000	£34,000

The expected fee for each body is set centrally by Audit Scotland, and assumes that it has sound governance arrangements in place and operating effectively throughout the year, prepares comprehensive and accurate draft financial statements and supporting schedules, and meets the agreed timetable for the audit. It also assumes there is no major change in respect of the scope of work in the year and an unqualified audit opinion resulting from the audit.

The 2019/20 audit required additional audit procedures to address; the need for a reassessment of all audit risks and the additional scrutiny around financial statement disclosures impacted by the direct and indirect consequences of Covid-19; additional audit specialist and manager work around the College's share in the Fife Council Pension fund and the College's new payroll system; as a result of this additional work, we have agreed a final fee for the 2019/20 audit including a fee variation of £5,200 as outlined above.



Matters that we are required to communicate	International Standard on Quality Control (UK and Ireland) 1 (ISQC1) requires that a system of quality control is established, as part of financial audit procedures, to provide reasonable assurance that professional standards and regulatory and legal requirements are being complied with and that the independent auditor's report or opinion is appropriate in the circumstances.
	The EY 2020 UK Transparency Report can be accessed on our website at https://www.ey.com/en_uk/who-we-are/transparency-report-2020. This material is published to provide a timely and relevant source of information about EY in general, and our audit business in particular. This includes our inaugural Audit Quality Report.
	The disclosures are extensive. For example, they explain our outlook and how we are structured and governed, including the role of our Independent Non- Executives and how we apply the requirements of the UK's Audit Firm Governance Code. We refer to the quality of our audits and our commitment to recruiting, developing and diversifying our people and talent pool. We also explain how we manage our risks and remain innovative and technologically advanced in what we do and how we do it.
	Maintaining high audit quality across all of our engagements is of paramount importance to us. Our transformational Audit Quality Programme continues and is a part of the global EY Sustainable Audit Quality Programme (SAQ).
	Our Audit Quality Board (AQB) continues to oversee all matters relating to audit quality and sets the agenda for the Audit Quality programme. The AQB meets monthly and also holds an annual strategy session. The AQB reports to the EY UK Board. The AQB receives regular updates on regulatory matters, results of internal and external reviews, results of root cause analysis, resourcing, the SAQ programme and pursuit approvals, as well as a comprehensive dashboard on quality measures.
	Our Audit Quality Support Team (AQST), which started within the SAQ programme, reviews 40 to 50 audits each audit cycle providing challenge and guidance to the engagement teams. These are in-depth reviews carried out by experienced auditors independent of the audit team. AQST reviews enhance the quality of both the audit under review and other audits on which team members apply the lessons learned. The AQST has now become a business-as-usual function.
Audit Quality Framework / Annual Audit Quality Report	Audit Scotland's Appointments and Assurance Team are responsible for applying the new Audit Quality Framework across all financial audits and performance and Best Value audits. This covers the quality of audit work undertaken by Audit Scotland staff and appointed firms. The team are independent of audit delivery and provide assurance on audit quality to the Auditor General and the Accounts Commission.
	We support Audit Scotland in their commitment to reporting on audit quality through responding to requests for information and providing the results of internal quality reviews undertaken in respect of relevant public sector audits in Scotland.
	The most recent audit quality report which covers our work at the IJB since appointment can be found at: https://www.audit- scotland.gov.uk/report/quality-of-public-audit-in-scotland-annual-report- 201920.



Appendix C: Required communications

Populied communication	Our reporting to you
Required communication	Our reporting to you
Terms of engagement / Our responsibilities Confirmation by the audit, risk and governance committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties. Our responsibilities are as set out in our engagement letter.	Audit Scotland Terms of Appointment letter – audit to be undertaken in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice
Planning and audit approach	Annual Audit Plan
Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified.	Annual Audit Plan Addendum
Significant findings from the audit	Annual Audit Plan
 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting 	Annual Audit Report
process	
Going concern	Annual Audit Report
 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	
Misstatements	Annual Audit Report
 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion, unless prohibited by law or regulation The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Corrected misstatements that are significant Material misstatements corrected by management 	
Fraud	Annual Audit Report
 Enquiries of the audit, risk and governance committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity 	
 Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist 	
A discussion of any other matters related to fraud	
 Consideration of laws and regulations Audit findings regarding non-compliance where the non-compliance is material and believed to be intentional. This communication is subject to compliance with legislation on tipping off 	Annual Audit Report (to be issued on completion of audit work) or as occurring if material.
 Enquiry of the audit, risk and governance committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Committee may be aware of Fife College Annual Audit Report 2019/20 	

Required communication	Our reporting to you	
Related parties	No significant matters	
Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable:	have been identified.	
 Non-disclosure by management 		
 Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions 		
 Disagreement over disclosures 		
 Non-compliance with laws and regulations 		
 Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity 		
Independence	Annual Audit Plan	
Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence	This Annual Audit Report - Appendix B	
Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as:		
The principal threats		
 Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness 		
 An overall assessment of threats and safeguards 		
 Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence 		
Internal controls	This Annual Audit Report	
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	- no significant deficiencies reported	
Subsequent events	We have asked	
Where appropriate, asking the audit, risk and governance committee whether	management and those	
any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial	charged with	
statements.	governance. We have no matters to report.	
Material inconsistencies	This Annual Audit Report	
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information		
which management has refused to revise		

Appendix D: Adjusted errors identified during the audit

This Appendix sets out the significant adjustments processed in the financial statements finalisation. There were no significant unadjusted audit differences identified.

Adjusted differences				
No.	Description	Income and Expenditure Impact	Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Impact	Balance Sheet Impact
1	Adjustment relating to cut-off errors for	CR Expenditure		DR Prepayments
	prepayments	£118,000		£118,000
2	Reclassification of deferred capital grants			DR Creditors - amounts falling due after one year
	to short-term creditors			£1,271,000
				CR Creditors - amounts falling due within one year
				£1,271,000
3	Adjustment relating to late SFC confirmation	DR Accrued income £887,000		
	regarding 2019/20 job evaluation funding	DR Expenditure £887,000		
		CR SFC Income £887,000		
		CR Accrued Expenditure £887,000		

Appendix E: Prior Year Action Plan

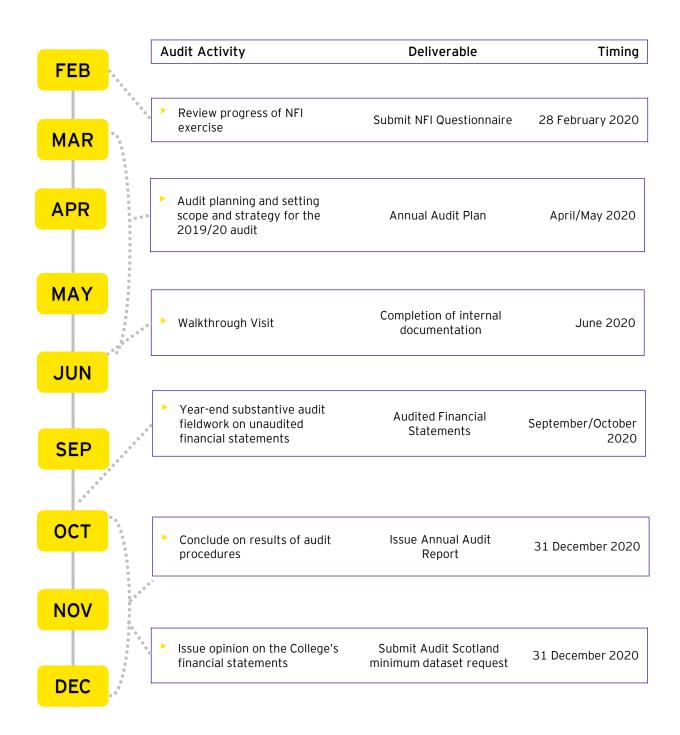
This action plan summarises specific recommendations included within the 2019 Fife College Annual Audit Report. We have graded these findings according to our consideration of their priority for the College or management to action.

Clas	sification of recommendations		
Grade 1: Key risks and / or significant deficiencies which are critical to the achievement of strategic objectives. Consequently management needs to address and seek resolution urgently.		Grade 2: Risks or potential weaknesses which impact on individual objectives, or impact the operation of a single process, and so require prompt but not immediate action by management.	Grade 3: Less significant issues and / or areas for improvement which we consider merit attention but do not require to be prioritised by management.
No.	Findings and recommendation	Management response	Management response / Implementation timeframe
1	Our review of interest declarations from Board members and the senior management team identified a number of omissions, which have been highlighted to the Director: Governance and Compliance to discuss with individuals. Without complete and accurate interest declarations, there is a risk that related parties are not promptly identified. The College should discuss these omissions with individuals and remind them of the importance of submitting a complete and accurate declaration, and should update the Registers of Interests to reflect the necessary changes. <i>Grade 3</i>	The omissions identified have already been highlighted to the relevant individuals and all have been resolved with the exception of one. This will be resolved as soon as possible. Responsible officer: Director: Governance and Compliance Implementation date: 30 November 2019	Action complete. Management ensured that the relevant individuals updated their register of interests immediately following notification of the omissions. Audit testing performed during 2019/20 did not identify any issues.

No.	Findings and recommendation	Management response	Management response / Implementation timeframe
2	Testing of the severance schemes in operation during the year identified one instance where an individual received enhanced redundancy payments for two roles. We understand that management assessed voluntary severance for each of the posts separately, and are satisfied that the employee received only the voluntary severance payment to which they were entitled. The College should consider whether future terms of severance schemes should be further enhanced to include provision for instances where, for example, an employee has two roles with the College. <i>Grade 3</i>	In line with the terms of the College severance scheme, each post is assessed separately. This is in line with employment legislation and case law where the focus is on the post and not the individual.	Action complete. Management has assessed their severance scheme and considered that it is appropriate to assess each post separately.

Appendix F: Timing and deliverables of the audit

We deliver our audit in accordance with the timeline set by the College, in accordance with guidance from Audit Scotland. Below is a timetable showing the key stages of the audit and the deliverables through the 2019/20 audit cycle.



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